FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5-13 and 55-58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alma, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund combining statements and statement of revenues and expenditures by General Fund department are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information described above is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alma's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Alma, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

AMGL, P.C.

Grand Island, Nebraska March 12, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Alma, we offer readers of the City of Alma financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Alma for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Alma exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,902,093 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$2,104,996 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma governmental funds reported combined ending net position of \$5,910,443. Approximately 15.5 percent of this total amount, \$915,240, is *unrestricted net position*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$670,610, or 29.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Alma's basic financial statements. The City of Alma's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Alma's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Alma's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Alma is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Alma that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*)

from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Alma include general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Alma include the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Enterprise Funds.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Alma, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Alma can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Alma maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Street Fund, and the Airport Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Alma adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General, Street, and Airport Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-

wide financial statements. The City of Alma uses enterprise funds to account for its Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Alma.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-54 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Alma's budgetary comparison schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 55-58 of this report.

The nonmajor governmental funds combining statements and the statement of General Fund revenue and expenditures by department can be found on pages 59-61.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Alma, assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,902,093 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	S	eptember 30, 202	0	September 30, 2019				
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,309,057	\$ 1,337,103	\$ 2,646,160	\$ 972,074	\$ 1,210,783	\$ 2,182,857		
Capital Assets	6,867,032	2,762,840	9,629,872	7,158,161	2,836,017	9,994,178		
Total Assets	8,176,089	4,099,943	12,276,032	8,130,235	4,046,800	12,177,035		
Long-term Liabilities	2,056,315	881,742	2,938,057	2,221,494	960,934	3,182,428		
Other Liabilities	209,331	226,551	435,882	229,744	177,353	407,097		
Total Liabilities	2,265,646	1,108,293	3,373,939	2,451,238	1,138,287	3,589,525		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	4,630,627	1,801,894	6,432,521	4,761,050	1,799,874	6,560,924		
Restricted	364,576	-	364,576	313,173	-	313,173		
Unrestricted	915,240	1,189,756	2,104,996	604,774	1,108,639	1,713,413		
Total Net Position	\$ 5,910,443	\$ 2,991,650	\$ 8,902,093	\$ 5,678,997	\$ 2,908,513	\$ 8,587,510		

Summary Statements of Net Position

By far the largest portion of the City of Alma's net position (72.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Alma uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Alma's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Alma's net position (4.1 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$2,104,996) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Year Ended September 30, 2020					Year Ended September 30, 201				
Program Boyonuos			0		0	Program Expenses			
<u>N</u>	<u>cvenues</u>	<u>Expenses</u>		<u>N</u>	<u>evenues</u>	-	<u>L'APEIISES</u>		
\$	45,225	\$	232,827	\$	101,084	\$	288,720		
	-		44,427		-		44,576		
	-		186,876		-		191,902		
	46,131		244,209		52,079		261,194		
	41,930		38,189		105,663		33,221		
	-		66,968		-		104,135		
	-		69,475		-		67,601		
	-		353,838		-		348,868		
\$	133,286	\$	1,236,809	\$	258,826	\$	1,340,217		
	P1 <u>R</u> (Program <u>Revenues</u> \$ 45,225 - - 46,131 41,930 - -	Program Revenues \$ 45,225 \$ 45,225 - - - 46,131 41,930 -	Program <u>Revenues</u> Program <u>Expenses</u> \$ 45,225 \$ 232,827 - 44,427 - 186,876 46,131 244,209 41,930 38,189 - 66,968 - 69,475 - 353,838	Program Program P Revenues Expenses R \$ 45,225 \$ 232,827 \$ - 44,427 \$ - 186,876 \$ 46,131 244,209 \$ 41,930 38,189 \$ - 66,968 \$ - 69,475 \$ - 353,838 \$	Program Revenues Program Expenses Program Revenues \$ 45,225 \$ 232,827 \$ 101,084 - 44,427 - - 186,876 - 46,131 244,209 52,079 41,930 38,189 105,663 - 66,968 - - 353,838 -	Program Program Program Program Revenues Expenses Revenues Image: style \$ 45,225 \$ 232,827 \$ 101,084 \$ - 44,427 - - - 186,876 - - 46,131 244,209 52,079 41,930 38,189 105,663 - 66,968 - - 69,475 - - 353,838 -		

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

SOURCES OF REVENUE									
	Year	Ended Sept	ember 30, 2	<u>.020</u>	Year	Ended Sept	ember 30,	<u>2019</u>	
Charges for Services	\$	39,985	2.72 %	0	\$	58,321	4.15	%	
Operating Grants and Contributions		69,997	4.77			126,174	8.98		
Capital Grants and Contributions		23,304	1.59			74,331	5.29		
Property Taxes		302,294	20.59			306,809	21.85		
Motor Vehicle Taxes		29,781	2.03			27,104	1.93		
Sales Tax		441,697	30.08			382,480	27.24		
Franchise Taxes		3,547	0.24			4,073	0.29		
TIF Proceeds		65,209	4.44			68,847	4.90		
State Allocation		244,842	16.68			256,805	18.29		
Miscellaneous		27,726	1.89			24,374	1.74		
Interest		18,275	1.24			9,713	0.69		
Transfers		201,598	13.73			65,250	4.65		
Total	\$	1,468,255	100.00 %	0	\$	1,404,281	100.00	%	

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

Net position increased \$231,446 in the governmental funds during the year ended September 30, 2020.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Alma's net position by \$83,137. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities

	Yea	ar Ended Sep	temb	er 30, 2020	Year Ended September 30, 2019				
Function	Program <u>Revenues</u>		8			Program Revenues	Program <u>Expenses</u>		
Gas	\$	454,729	\$	401,548	\$	640,518	\$	465,348	
Water		322,868		321,555		247,122		292,788	
Sewer		96,246		109,859		77,453		114,911	
Trash		192,901		133,337		170,365		162,132	
Electric		-		12,588		-		9,719	
Golf		256,800		270,023		267,313		270,598	
RV Park		66,515		43,226		59,804		54,138	
Total		1,390,059		1,292,136		1,462,575		1,369,634	
Interfund transfers		-		201,598		-		65,250	
	\$	1,390,059	\$	1,493,734	\$	1,462,575	\$	1,434,884	

SOURCES OF REVENUE	Ye	ar Ended Sep	tember 30, 2020	Yea	Year Ended September 30, 2019					
Charges for Services	\$	1,385,090	87.84 %	\$	1,457,606	88.29 %				
Grants and Contributions		4,969	0.31		4,969	0.30				
Franchise Fees		186,781	11.85		188,287	11.41				
Interest		31			108	_				
Total	\$	1,576,871	100.00 %	\$	1,650,970	100.00 %				

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Alma uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Alma's *governmental* funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Alma's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,170,611. Approximately 57.3 percent of this total amount (\$670,610) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balances is not available for new spending because it has already been 1) restricted for hospital bond debt service (\$166,504), 2) restricted for street improvements (\$198,006), 3) restricted for Federal programs (\$66), 4) nonspendable for inventory (\$12,733), 5) assigned for airport operations (\$51,142), or 6) assigned for budgetary stabilization (\$71,550).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Alma. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$670,610, while total fund balance was \$742,160. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 32.8 percent of the same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Alma's General Fund increased by \$327,089 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. The City of Alma's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year were as follows: Gas Fund - \$588,605, Water Fund - \$244,215, Sewer Fund - \$50,417, Trash Fund - \$140,614, Electric Fund - \$53,683, Golf Fund - \$8,931, and RV Park Fund - \$103,291. The change in net position for the proprietary funds was as follows: Gas Fund - increase of \$53,181, Water Fund - increase of \$31,313, Sewer Fund - decrease of \$(13,613), Trash Fund - increase of \$59,564, Electric Fund - decrease of \$(55,807), Golf Fund - decrease of \$(14,790), and RV Park Fund - increase of \$23,289. Other factors concerning the finances of these seven funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Alma's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original and final budget for the City of Alma for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Alma's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$9,629,872 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events (individually greater than \$10,000) during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Airport runway construction in progress \$17,994
- QTPod M400 fuel tank \$14,715
- 2019 Bobcat Toolcat 5600 \$30,000
- Perkins 1106D generator \$28,833

City of Alma's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year En	nded September	30, 2020	Year Ended September 30, 2019				
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>		
Land	\$ 163,751	\$ 242,856	\$ 406,607	\$ 163,751	\$ 242,856	\$ 406,607		
Construction in Progress	101,008	-	101,008	83,014	-	83,014		
Buildings and Improvements	4,876,120	467,705	5,343,825	5,123,304	498,086	5,621,390		
Machinery and Equipment	302,544	85,050	387,594	321,103	81,122	402,225		
Infrastructure	1,423,609	-	1,423,609	1,466,989	-	1,466,989		
Distribution Systems		1,967,229	1,967,229	-	2,013,953	2,013,953		
Total	\$ 6,867,032	\$ 2,762,840	\$ 9,629,872	\$ 7,158,161	\$ 2,836,017	\$ 9,994,178		

Additional information on the City of Alma's capital assets can be found in Note C5 on pages 42-44 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Alma had total bonded debt and notes payable outstanding of \$3,197,351.

	Year En	ded September	30, 2020	Year Ended September 30, 2019				
	Governmental Business-type <u>Activities</u> <u>Activities</u> <u>Tot</u> a		<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Bonds Payable Notes Payable	\$ 2,145,300 91,105	\$ 760,700 200,246	\$ 2,906,000 291,351	\$2,273,000 124,111	\$ 794,000 242,143	\$ 3,067,000 366,254		
Total	\$ 2,236,405	\$ 960,946	\$ 3,197,351	\$ 2,397,111	\$ 1,036,143	\$ 3,433,254		

City of Alma's Outstanding Debt

The City of Alma's total debt decreased by \$235,903 (6.9 percent) during the current fiscal year, due to scheduled payments.

The City of Alma does not have a bond rating.

Additional information on the City of Alma's long-term debt can be found in Note C7 on pages 45-49 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property tax asking for the year ending September 30, 2021, is \$310,222, an increase of \$5,047 (1.7 percent) over the prior year. The general tax asking was \$230,432, an increase of \$5,047 (2.2 percent) over the prior year. The pool bond debt service tax asking was \$79,790, the same as the prior year.
- The City has total commitments of \$1,188,288 on the airport runway project. This project is expected to be completed during the Fall 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Alma's budget for the 2021 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Alma's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Treasurer, City of Alma, P.O. Box 468, Alma, NE 68920.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

	Primary Government							
	Gov	vernmental	Bu	siness-type				
	A	<u>Activities</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS								
Current assets:	¢	210 201	¢	7 51 7 70	٩	1.0.00 1.00		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	310,381	\$	751,779	\$	1,062,160		
Certificates of deposit		405,298		407,000		812,298		
County treasurer cash		12,827		-		12,827		
Receivables:				0.4.550		04 550		
Accounts, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		-		84,772		84,772		
Unbilled revenue		-		11,495		11,495		
Current portion of notes receivable		2,383		-		2,383		
Lease		-		14,285		14,285		
Property tax		8,708		-		8,708		
Sales tax		81,949		-		81,949		
Grants		9,826		-		9,826		
Inventory		12,733		46,272		59,005		
Total current assets		844,105		1,315,603		2,159,708		
Noncurrent assets:		100 120		21 500		200 (20		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		188,130		21,500		209,630		
Restricted certificates of deposit		170,000		-		170,000		
Noncurrent portion of notes receivable		106,822		-		106,822		
Capital assets:								
Land		163,751		242,856		406,607		
Construction in progress		101,008		-		101,008		
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation		6,602,273		2,519,984		9,122,257		
Net capital assets		6,867,032		2,762,840		9,629,872		
Total noncurrent assets		7,331,984		2,784,340		10,116,324		
Total assets		8,176,089		4,099,943		12,276,032		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		8,154		52,682		60,836		
Advance utility collections		_		20,846		20,846		
Accrued expenses		21,087		52,319		73,406		
Customer deposits				21,500		21,500		
Current portion of long-term obligations		180,090		79,204		259,294		
Total current liabilities		209,331		226,551		435,882		
Noncurrent liabilities:		200,001		220,001				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		2,056,315		881,742		2,938,057		
Total liabilities		2,265,646		1,108,293		3,373,939		
		2,203,010		1,100,275		3,373,757		
NET POSITION				1 001 001		< 100 F01		
Net investment in capital assets		4,630,627		1,801,894		6,432,521		
Restricted for:		100.006				100.006		
Street improvements		198,006		-		198,006		
Federal programs		66		-		66		
Hospital bond debt service		166,504		-		166,504		
Unrestricted	¢	915,240	<u>ф</u>	1,189,756	ф.	2,104,996		
Total net position	3	5,910,443	\$	2,991,650	\$	8,902,093		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

					Program Revenues		
			Ch	arges for	Operating Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Ē	Expenses	<u>S</u>	ervices	Contributions		
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	232,827	\$	4,158	\$	41,067	
Public safety		44,427		-		-	
Public works		186,876		-		-	
Environment and leisure		244,209		10,059		28,930	
Airport		38,189		25,768		-	
Economic development		66,968		-		-	
Interest and fees on long-term debt		69,475		-		-	
Depreciation - unallocated		353,838		-		-	
Total governmental activities		1,236,809		39,985		69,997	
Business-type activities:							
Gas		401,548		454,729		-	
Water		321,555		322,868		-	
Sewer		109,859		96,246		-	
Trash		133,337		192,901		-	
Electric		12,588		-		-	
Golf		270,023		251,831		4,969	
RV Park		43,226		66,515		-	
Total business-type activities		1,292,136		1,385,090		4,969	
Total primary government	\$	2,528,945	\$	1,425,075	\$	74,966	

Capital	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Positio							
Grants and	Governmental	Business-type						
Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Total					
\$ -	\$ (187,602)		\$ (187,602)					
-	(44,427)		(44,427)					
-	(186,876)		(186,876)					
7,142	(198,078)		(198,078)					
16,162	3,741		3,741					
-	(66,968)		(66,968)					
-	(69,475)		(69,475)					
	(353,838)	<u></u>	(353,838)					
23,304	(1,103,523)	\$ -	(1,103,523)					
-	-	53,181	53,181					
-	-	1,313	1,313					
-	-	(13,613)	(13,613)					
-	-	59,564	59,564					
-	-	(12,588)	(12,588)					
-	-	(13,223)	(13,223)					
-	-	23,289	23,289					
-	-	97,923	97,923					
\$ 23,304	(1,103,523)	97,923	(1,005,600)					
General revenues:								
Taxes: Property	302,294	-	302,294					
Motor vehicle	29,781	-	29,781					
Sales tax	441,697	-	441,697					
Franchise	3,547	186,781	190,328					
TIF proceeds	65,209	-	65,209					
State allocation	244,842	-	244,842					
Miscellaneous	27,726	-	27,726					
Interest income	18,275	31	18,306					
Interfund transfers	201,598	(201,598)						
Total general revenues	1,334,969	(14,786)	1,320,183					
Change in net position	231,446	83,137	314,583					
Net position - September 30, 2019	5,678,997	2,908,513	8,587,510					
Net position - September 30, 2020	\$ 5,910,443	\$ 2,991,650	\$ 8,902,093					

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	<u>General</u>	Street	4	<u>Airport</u>	Gov	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total wernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 264,120	\$ 21,560	\$	46,261	\$	166,570	\$	498,511
Certificates of deposit	400,298	170,000		5,000		-		575,298
County treasurer cash	12,827	-		-		-		12,827
Receivables:								
Property tax	8,708	-		-		-		8,708
Sales tax	62,713	19,236		-		-		81,949
Grants	9,826	-		-		-		9,826
Inventory	 -	 -		12,733		-		12,733
Total assets	\$ 758,492	\$ 210,796	\$	63,994	\$	166,570	\$	1,199,852
LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 5,430	\$ 2,605	\$	119	\$	-	\$	8,154
Payroll withholdings	(9,671)	-		-		-		(9,671)
Accrued payroll	11,480	3,540		-		-		15,020
Accrued interest payable	 9,093	 6,645		-		-		15,738
Total liabilities	16,332	12,790		119		-		29,241
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	-	-		12,733		-		12,733
Restricted for:								
Street improvements	-	198,006		-		-		198,006
Federal programs	-	-		-		66		66
Hospital bond debt service	-	-		-		166,504		166,504
Assigned for:								
Airport	-	-		51,142		-		51,142
Budgetary stabilization	71,550	-		-		-		71,550
Unassigned	 670,610	-		-		-		670,610
Total fund balances	 742,160	 198,006		63,875		166,570		1,170,611
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ 758,492	\$ 210,796	\$	63,994	\$	166,570	\$	1,199,852

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 1,170,611
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Notes receivable are not recorded as an asset in the fund financial statements.		109,205
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$10,500,853 and the accumulated depreciation is \$3,633,821.		6,867,032
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$ (2,145,300) (91,105)	 (2,236,405)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 5,910,443

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES		General		<u>Street</u>		<u>Airport</u>	Gov	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes:	¢	202 204	٩		¢		¢		¢	202 204
Property	\$	302,294	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	302,294
Motor vehicle		29,781		-		-		-		29,781
Sales tax		337,132		104,565		-		-		441,697
Franchise		3,547		-		-		-		3,547
TIF proceeds		65,209		-		-		-		65,209
Intergovernmental		68,909		175,933		-		-		244,842
Licenses and permits		8,488		-		-		-		8,488
Charges for services		7,606		-		13,445		-		21,051
Rent		6,611		-		12,323		-		18,934
Grants and donations		77,139		-		16,162		-		93,301
Loan collections		-		-		-		2,528		2,528
Interest income		17,282		-		-		993		18,275
Bond proceeds		1,500,000		-		-		-		1,500,000
Other income		18,278		955		5		-		19,238
Total revenues		2,442,276		281,453		41,935		3,521		2,769,185
EXPENDITURES										
General government		259,631		-		-		8		259,639
Public safety		44,427		-		-		-		44,427
Public works		10,946		175,930		-		-		186,876
Environment and leisure		244,209		-		-		-		244,209
Airport		-		-		38,189		-		38,189
Economic development		66,968		-		-		-		66,968
Capital outlay		-		30,000		32,709		-		62,709
Bond issuance costs		14,250		-		-		-		14,250
Principal payments on debt		1,588,286		62,700		9,720		-		1,660,706
Interest on long-term debt		35,071		20,154		-		-		55,225
Total expenditures		2,263,788		288,784		80,618		8		2,633,198
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		178,488		(7,331)		(38,683)		3,513		135,987
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES										
Transfers from other funds		148,601		36,341		-		16,656		201,598
Net change in fund balances		327,089		29,010		(38,683)		20,169		337,585
Fund balances - September 30, 2019		415,071		168,996		102,558		146,401		833,026
Fund balances - September 30, 2020	\$	742,160	\$	198,006	\$	63,875	\$	166,570	\$	1,170,611

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 337,585
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Payments on notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as revenue, but the payments decrease notes receivable in the statement of net position.	(2,528)
Advances on notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, but the advances increase notes receivable in the statement of net position.	26,812
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay (\$62,709) is exceeded by depreciation expense (\$353,838).	(291,129)
Bond proceeds are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(1,500,000)
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 1,660,706
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 231,446

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds								
	Gas	Water	Sewer	Trash					
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>					
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,276	\$ 183,037	\$ 34,272	\$ 125,627					
Certificates of deposit	360,000	40,000	7,000	-					
Receivables:									
Accounts, net of allowance for									
doubtful accounts	-	46,736	14,785	23,251					
Lease	-	-	-	-					
Unbilled revenue	3,600	6,484	1,411	-					
Inventory	13,780	18,334	-	-					
Total current assets	633,656	294,591	57,468	148,878					
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,050	6,225	6,225	-					
Capital assets:									
Land	1,000	77,068	135,588	7,200					
Distribution systems	222,693	2,216,084	605,863	-					
Buildings and improvements	4,882	5,785	415,546	52,123					
Equipment	78,997	225,134	165,746	336,282					
Less accumulated depreciation	(222,751)	(1,316,865)	(575,328)	(354,577)					
Net capital assets	84,821	1,207,206	747,415	41,028					
Total noncurrent assets	93,871	1,213,431	753,640	41,028					
Total assets	727,527	1,508,022	811,108	189,906					
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	12,511	29,824	25	2,795					
Advance utility collections	20,846	-	-	-					
Accrued payroll	10,643	14,508	4,466	5,469					
Accrued interest payable	-	4,041	2,091	-					
Sales tax payable	1,051	2,003	469	-					
Customer deposits	9,050	6,225	6,225	-					
Current portion of									
long-term obligations		17,150	20,969	-					
Total current liabilities	54,101	73,751	34,245	8,264					
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Noncurrent portion of									
long-term obligations	-	409,150	323,716	-					
Total liabilities	54,101	482,901	357,961	8,264					
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	84,821	780,906	402,730	41,028					
Unrestricted	588,605	244,215	50,417	140,614					
Total net position	\$ 673,426	\$ 1,025,121	\$ 453,147	\$ 181,642					

		Enterp	orise Funds		RV Park		
	Electric						
	<u>Fund</u>		Fund		Fund		Total
\$	40,388	\$	5,988	\$	106,191	\$	751,779
	-		-	·	-		407,000
							,
	-		-		-		84,772
	14,285		-		-		14,285
	-		-		-		11,495
	-		14,158		-		46,272
	54,673		20,146		106,191		1,315,603
	_		_		_		21,500
							21,500
	-		22,000		-		242,856
	364,798		-		-		3,409,438
	-		470,969		131,091		1,080,396
	-		330,272		21,047		1,157,478
	(76,139)		(529,257)		(52,411)		3,127,328)
	288,659		293,984		99,727		2,762,840
	288,659		293,984		99,727		2,784,340
	343,332		314,130		205,918		4,099,943
	-		4,695		2,832		52,682
	-		-		-		20,846
	-		4,717		-		39,803
	990		498		-		7,620
	-		1,305		68		4,896
	-		-		-		21,500
	18,260		22,825		-		79,204
	19,250		34,040		2,900		226,551
	121 200		27 586				881 740
	<u>121,290</u> 140,540		27,586 61,626		2,900		881,742 1,108,293
	140,340		01,020		2,900		1,100,293
	149,109		243,573		99,727		1,801,894
	53,683		243,373 8,931		103,291		1,189,756
\$	202,792	\$	252,504	\$	203,018		2,991,650
Φ	202,192	φ	434,304	ψ	203,010	ψ	4,771,000

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds								
	Gas	Water	Sewer	Trash					
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund					
Operating revenues:	¢ 450 401	¢ 210.142	¢ 00.471	¢ 100.40¢					
Charges for services	\$ 450,481	\$ 318,142	\$ 92,471	\$ 190,406					
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-					
Other revenue	4,248	4,726	3,775	2,495					
Total operating revenues	454,729	322,868	96,246	192,901					
Operating expenses:									
Purchased energy	213,450	-	-	-					
Personnel services	143,473	172,365	41,728	57,867					
Utilities and telephone	1,947	20,591	9,181	516					
Repairs and maintenance	10,616	18,684	4,282	14,327					
Supplies	1,230	3,581	435	936					
Professional fees	5,662	6,544	4,757	4,567					
Insurance and bonds	4,271	11,612	1,674	3,504					
Fuel and transportation	906	2,321	247	9,727					
Dues and fees	5,947	3,596	870	880					
Contractual obligations	-	-	-	32,242					
Miscellaneous	10,118	10,077	5,431	4,044					
Depreciation	3,928	58,019	33,135	4,727					
Total operating expenses	401,548	307,390	101,740	133,337					
Operating income (loss)	53,181	15,478	(5,494)	59,564					
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Interest income	-	-	-	-					
Contributions	-	-	-	-					
Interest expense	-	(14,165)	(6,928)	-					
Loan administration fees	-	-	(1,191)	-					
Total nonoperating revenues			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						
(expenses)		(14,165)	(8,119)						
Income (loss) before									
interfund transfers	53,181	1,313	(13,613)	59,564					
Interfund transfers:									
Transfers from (to) other funds		30,000							
Change in net position	53,181	31,313	(13,613)	59,564					
Net position - September 30, 2019	620,245	993,808	466,760	122,078					
Net position - September 30, 2020	\$ 673,426	\$ 1,025,121	\$ 453,147	\$ 181,642					
				_					

	En	terprise Fund	ls					
Electric		Golf		ŀ	RV Park			
<u>Fund</u>		Fund			Fund		<u>Total</u>	
\$ -	\$	251,831		\$	66,354		\$ 1,369,685	
186,781		-			-		186,781	
-		-			161		15,405	
 186,781		251,831			66,515		1,571,871	
-		-			-		213,450	
-		120,768			-		536,201	
-		21,168			9,601		63,004	
-		20,355			3,923		72,187	
-		67,299			414		73,895	
-		-			-		21,530	
-		7,760			1,941		30,762	
-		3,665			-		16,866	
-		603			-		11,896	
-		-			16,427		48,669	
-		2,094			3,777		35,541	
 9,119		23,843			7,143		 139,914	
 9,119		267,555			43,226		 1,263,915	
177,662		(15,724)			23,289		307,956	
-		31			-		31	
-		4,969			-		4,969	
(3,469)		(2,468)			-		(27,030)	
 -		-			-		 (1,191)	
 (3,469)		2,532			-		 (23,221)	
174,193		(13,192)			23,289		284,735	
 (230,000)		(1,598)			-		(201,598)	
(55,807)		(14,790)			23,289		83,137	
 258,599		267,294			179,729		2,908,513	
\$ 202,792	\$	252,504		\$	203,018	:	\$ 2,991,650	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
		Gas	Water		
	Fund			Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from customers	\$	486,365	\$	301,351	
Payments to suppliers		(252,322)		(91,337)	
Payments to employees		(142,545)		(167,073)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		91,498		42,941	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers from (to) other funds		-		30,000	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of property and equipment		-		(37,904)	
Grants and contributions received		-		-	
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt		-		-	
Principal payments on capital debt		-		(14,700)	
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(15,448)	
Loan administration fees on capital debt		-		-	
Net cash used by capital and					
related financing activities		-		(68,052)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Increase in certificates of deposit		(100,000)		-	
Increase in restricted cash		(1,050)		(450)	
Interest received		-		-	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(101,050)		(450)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(9,552)		4,439	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		265,828		178,598	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$	256,276	\$	183,037	

 ~	T 1		rprise Funds	G 16					
Sewer <u>Fund</u>			Electric <u>Fund</u>	Golf <u>Fund</u>	ŀ	RV Park <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>		
\$ 88,998	\$ 183,648	\$	190,946	\$ 251,831	\$	66,515	\$	1,569,654	
(27,181)	(71,467)		-	(123,094)		(34,079)		(599,480)	
 (39,668)	 (56,899)		-	 (120,333)		-		(526,518)	
22,149	55,282		190,946	8,404		32,436		443,656	
-	-		(230,000)	(1,598)		-		(201,598)	
-	-		-	-		-		(37,904)	
-	-		-	4,969		-		4,969	
-	-		-	-		-		-	
(20,881)	-		(17,660)	(21,956)		-		(75,197)	
(6,065)	-		(3,783)	(2,673)		-		(27,969)	
 (1,191)	 -		-	 -		-		(1,191)	
(28,137)	-		(21,443)	(19,660)		-		(137,292)	
-	-		-	-		-		(100,000)	
(500)	-		-	-		-		(2,000)	
 - (500)	 		-	 31		-		31 (101,969)	
 (300)	 -		-	 51		-		(101,909)	
(6,488)	55,282		(60,497)	(12,823)		32,436		2,797	
 40,760	 70,345		100,885	 18,811		73,755		748,982	
\$ 34,272	\$ 125,627	\$	40,388	\$ 5,988	\$	106,191	\$	751,779	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
		Gas	Water		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	53,181	\$	15,478	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		3,928		58,019	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue		9,740		(21,967)	
Inventories		362		(4,118)	
Prepaid expenses		954		2,661	
Accounts payable		345		(13,188)	
Advance utility collections		20,846		-	
Accrued payroll		928		5,292	
Sales tax payable		164		314	
Customer deposits		1,050		450	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	91,498	\$	42,941	

Sewer <u>Fund</u>		Trash <u>Fund</u>		Enterprise Funds Electric <u>Fund</u>		Golf <u>Fund</u>		RV Park <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	
\$	(5,494)	\$	59,564	\$	177,662	\$ (15,724)	\$	23,289	\$	307,956
	33,135		4,727		9,119	23,843		7,143		139,914
	(7,748) - 386 (679) -		(9,253) - 833 (1,557) -		4,165 - - - -	- 283 1,746 (1,776) -		- 433 1,539 -		(25,063) (3,473) 7,013 (15,316) 20,846
\$	2,060 (11) 500 22,149	\$	968 - - 55,282	\$	- - 190,946	\$ 435 (403) - 8,404	\$	32	\$	9,683 96 2,000 443,656

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Alma, Nebraska (City) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note.

1. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Alma, Nebraska, was incorporated in 1871. The City operates under a City Council form of government with an elected chief executive, Mayor, and an elected legislative body, Council, composed of four members. The Mayor is elected at large for a four-year term, and the four members of the City Council are elected on four-year terms. The administration of the City government is performed under the direction of the Mayor by the City Administrator. Services provided to residents include public safety; highways and streets; planning and zoning; parks; recreation; urban development; water and sanitary sewer systems; gas; and general administrative services.

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: City of Alma

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, and has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable, and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the City Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the City. These component units' funds are blended into those of the City by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. Currently, the City has no discretely presented component units.

2. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. <u>Basis of Presentation, continued</u>

Fund Financial Statements, continued

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Fund	Brief Description			
Major:				
Governmental: General	See page 27 for description.			
Street	The Street Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for the City's share of highway allocation from the State of Nebraska.			
Airport	The Airport Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that accounts for airport operations.			
Proprietary: Enterprise: Gas, Water, Sewer, Trash, Electric, Golf and RV Park	See page 27 for description.			
Nonmajor:				
Special Revenue: CDBG	Accounts for the City's share of Community Development Block Grant Program.			
Hospital Bond Sinking	Accounts for funds collected by the City for the hospital's bonds debt service.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Basis of Accounting, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand accounts and savings accounts. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all cash on hand, demand accounts, savings accounts, and equity in pooled cash which has an original maturity of three months or less. The County Treasurer's cash represents revenues collected not yet remitted to the City.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Notes B2, C1, and D2.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include special assessments and property taxes. Business-type activities report utility billings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as special assessments and property taxes, since they are usually both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The City has recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,000 in the business-type activities.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized and reported in the Statement of Net Position. The City has a \$1,000 capitalization threshold. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has elected the depreciation approach for reporting infrastructure.

Depreciation of general capital assets and all proprietary capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 years
Utility System	25-50 years

The governmental funds infrastructure assets are capitalized under the prospective method, valued at cost. The cost of normal maintenance, preservation, and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted net position" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Effective October 1, 2010, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable–Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted–Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed–Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by City Council ordinance or resolution.

Assigned-Amounts that are designated by the Mayor for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the City Council.

Unassigned-All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 16). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the City Council or the Assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Sales and Use Tax

The City presently levies a two-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is to be used for the following purposes:

1 cent – General operating costs
1/2 cent – Pool debt service
1/2 cent – Street and civic improvement and renovations

The sales tax is collected by the Nebraska Department of Revenue and remitted to the City in the month following receipt. The Nebraska Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. Eighty-two percent of the sales tax is recorded in the General Fund and used for budgeted operating expenses and pool debt service. The remaining eighteen percent is recorded in the Street Fund and used for budgeted expenses.

Sales taxes collected by the State in August and September and received by the City in October and November have been accrued and are included in receivables. As of October 1, 2006, sales tax collected on the sale of motor vehicles is recorded in the Street Fund as required by LB904.

Property Taxes

The City has the power to levy taxes each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the City, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt maturing during the fiscal year or within six months thereafter, as well as taxes authorized by state law.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Harlan County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15. Real estate taxes are due on December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1 and September 1. Personal property taxes are due in the same manner as real estate taxes. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest.

Property taxes levied for 2019-2020 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after September 30, 2020. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses, continued</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – by Character and Function

Proprietary Funds – by Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

1. Fund Accounting Requirements

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include: General and Special Revenue Funds.

2. <u>Deposit Laws and Regulations</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The City's demand deposits are insured up to \$250,000 and certificates of deposit/savings accounts are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any bank deposits in excess of the FDIC limits are insured by collateral held by the pledging institution in the City's name.

3. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources are described in Note A2 for the various funds.

4. Debt Restrictions and Covenants

Bonds Payable

The various bond ordinances relating to the bonds payable contain some restrictions or covenants that are financial-related. These include covenants such as debt service coverage requirements and required reserve account balances. The City is in compliance with the bond restrictions and covenants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The City is required by state laws to adopt annual budgets for all fund types. Each budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the requirements of the state budget act.

The Nebraska Budget Act provides the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various expenditure and/or tax levy limitations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

- a. On or before August 1, the City prepares a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and resources available.
- b. The budget is published with subsequent public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 20, the City Council adopts the budget, which is then filed with the appropriate state and county officials.
- d. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations. Appropriations lapse at year end and any revisions require board approval.
- e. The County Clerk certifies a preliminary property tax levy for each fund of the City which levied property taxes in the county the previous year based on the combined valuation and amount required for the City the prior year. The preliminary levy becomes the final levy unless the governing board passes, by a majority vote, a resolution setting the levy at a different amount.
- f. The property tax requirements resulting from the budget process are utilized by the County Assessor to establish the tax levy. Taxes are levied annually on or before October 15. Real property taxes and personal property taxes are due December 31 with the first half delinquent May 1 and the second half delinquent September 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

5. Budgetary Data, continued

- g. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital improvement appropriations and certain encumbrances against operating budgets.
- h. The City of Alma adopts a budget by ordinance for all fund types.

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the City's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Deposits

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note A4. The table presented below is designed to disclose how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at September 30, 2020. The categories of collateral are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the City (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

<u>Types of Deposits</u>	Total Bank <u>Balance</u>	Category <u>1</u>	Category <u>2</u>	Category <u>3</u>	Total Carrying <u>Value</u>
Demand deposits and certificates of deposit	\$ 2,282,385	\$ 833,701	\$ 1,448,684	\$ -	\$ <u>2,254,088</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit, continued

Deposits, continued

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Position:

Primary Government –	
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,062,160
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	209,630
Unrestricted certificates of deposit	812,298
Restricted certificates of deposit	170,000
	\$ 2,254,088

2. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The restricted assets as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			iness-type <u>ctivities</u>		<u>Total</u>		
Type of Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit	\$ \$	188,130 170,000 358,130	\$ \$	21,500	\$ \$	209,630 170,000 379,630		

The governmental activities' restricted assets as of September 30, 2020, consisted of \$191,560 in the Street Fund restricted for street improvements, \$66 in the CDBG Fund restricted for federal programs and \$166,504 in the Hospital Bond Sinking Fund restricted for hospital bond debt service.

The business-type activities restricted assets as of September 30, 2020, consisted of \$9,050 in the Gas Fund, \$6,225 in the Water Fund and \$6,225 in the Sewer Fund restricted for customer deposits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of utilities receivable. Receivables detail at September 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Business-typ Activities		
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	94,772 (10,000)	
Net accounts receivable	\$	84,772	

4. Notes Receivable

The CDBG Fund has made six rehab loans. Notes receivable at September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Note for \$15,501 dated November 9, 2005; due in 240 monthly payments of \$64.59 through November 1, 2025; non-interest	
bearing.	\$ 3,614
Note for \$10,000 dated August 31, 2005; due in 240 monthly payments of \$41.67 through October 1, 2025; non-interest	
bearing.	1,050
Note for up to \$25,000 with interest at 2.0 percent. As of September 30, 2020, this note had not been finalized and only	
\$21,700 had been advanced.	21,700
Note for up to \$25,000 with interest at 2.0 percent. As of September 30, 2020, this note had not been finalized and only	
\$19,628 had been advanced.	19,628
Note for up to \$25,000 with interest at 2.0 percent. As of	
September 30, 2020, this note had not been finalized and only \$18,641 had been advanced.	18,641

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Notes Receivable, continued

Note for up to \$25,000, forgivable over five years and non- interest bearing. As of September 30, 2020, this note had not been finalized and only \$21,340 had been advanced.	21,340
Note for \$24,999 dated December 24, 2018; due in 240 monthly payments of \$126.25 through January 1, 2039; bearing interest	22.222
at 2.0 percent.	23,232
Total governmental activities notes receivable	\$ <u>109,205</u>
Current portion	\$ 2,383
Noncurrent portion	<u>106,822</u>
Total	\$ <u>109,205</u>

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance at October 1, 2019	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance at September 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 163,751	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,751
Construction in progress	83,014	17,994		101,008
Total capital assets not being depreciated	246,765	17,994	-	264,759
Other capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	1,731,228	-	-	1,731,228
Building and improvements	7,615,630	-	-	7,615,630
Equipment	851,144	44,715	(6,623)	889,236
Total other capital assets at				
historical cost	10,198,002	44,715	(6,623)	10,236,094
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(264,239)	(43,380)	-	(307,619)
Building and improvements	(2,492,326)	(247,184)	-	(2,739,510)
Equipment	(530,041)	(63,274)	6,623	(586,692)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,286,606)	(353,838) *	6,623	(3,633,821)
Other capital assets, net	6,911,396	(309,123)		6,602,273
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,158,161	\$ (291,129)	\$ -	\$ 6,867,032

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. Capital Assets, continued

* Depreciation expense was incurred by the following governmental activities:

General Fund:	
General government	\$ 10,765
Public safety	7 000
Fire	5,886
Public works:	
Shop	2,740
Environment and leisure:	
Community buildings	6,365
Library	2,216
Park	3,084
Pheasant Ridge trail	35,872
Pool	79,973
Recreation	3,793
Total environment and leisure	<u>131,303</u>
Total General Fund	150,694
Street Fund	80,011
Airport Fund	<u>123,133</u>
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>353,838</u>

Construction in progress at September 30, 2020 consists of design and geotechnical services of \$101,008 on the airport runway project. See Note D3 for additional details on this project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

5. <u>Capital Assets, continued</u>

	Balance at tober 1, 2019	Additions		<u>Disposals</u>		Balance at September 30, 2020	
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 242,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	242,856
Other capital assets being depreciated:							
Distribution systems	3,380,071		29,367		-		3,409,438
Buildings and improvements	1,080,396		-		-		1,080,396
Equipment	 1,141,106		37,370		(20,998)		1,157,478
Total other capital assets at	 						
historical cost	5,601,573		66,737		(20,998)		5,647,312
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Distribution systems	(1,366,118)		(76,091)		-		(1,442,209)
Buildings and improvements	(582,310)		(30,381)		-		(612,691)
Equipment	 (1,059,984)		(33,442)		20,998		(1,072,428)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (3,008,412)		(139,914) *		20,998		(3,127,328)
Other capital assets, net	 2,593,161		(73,177)		-		2,519,984
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$ 2,836,017	\$	(73,177)	\$	-	\$	2,762,840

* Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Gas	\$ 3,928
Water	58,019
Sewer	33,135
Trash	4,727
Electric	9,119
Golf	23,843
RV Park	7,143
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ <u>139,914</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

6. <u>Accounts Payable</u>

Payables in the general, other governmental, and proprietary funds are primarily composed of payables to vendors.

7. Long-term Debt

The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2020:

Type of Debt	Balance at October 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance at September 30, 2020	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities: Bonds and notes payable	\$ 2,397,111	\$ 1,500,000	\$(1,660,706)	\$ 2,236,405	\$ 180,090
Business-type Activities: Bonds and notes payable	\$ 1,036,143	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (75,197)	\$ 960,946	\$ 79,204

Governmental Activities

As of September 30, 2020, the governmental long-term liabilities consisted of the following:

Bonds and notes payable:

General obligation swimming pool bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$1,500,000. Interest rates range from 1.55 percent to 2.65 percent. Interest is due in semiannual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the General Fund.

\$ 1,415,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Governmental Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

General obligation swimming pool bonds, Series 2014, with an original issue amount of \$1,885,000. Interest rates range from 0.35 percent to 3.80 percent. Interest is due in semi- annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the General Fund. These bonds were refunded during the year ended September 30, 2020.	-
Various purpose bonds, Series 2013, with an original issue amount of \$510,000. Interest rates range from 0.45 percent to 2.85 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through April 15, 2028. Paid by the Street Fund.	295,000
The City entered into a loan agreement with the State of Nebraska Department of Aeronautics for the repayment of funds borrowed under the State of Nebraska Department of Aeronautics Revolving Hangar Loan Program. The State loaned the City \$145,600 to be repaid over a period of 180 months at \$810 per month. Paid by the Airport Fund.	3,240
Various purpose bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$351,000. Interest at 3.25 percent is due in semi- annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2039. Paid by the Street Fund.	339,300
Various purpose refunding bonds, Series 2016, with an original issue amount of \$160,000. Interest rates range from 1.10 percent to 1.70 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through September 1, 2026. Paid by the Street Fund.	96,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Governmental Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

On April 10, 2018, the City entered into an agreement with Banner Capital Bank for the purpose of purchasing a mower. The original loan was \$11,550. Principal and interest at 3.25 percent are due in monthly payments of \$338 through April 10, 2021. Paid by the General Fund.	2,337
On September 14, 2015, the City entered into an agreement with Banner Capital Bank for the purpose of building a pool slide. The original loan was \$192,000. Principal and interest at 2.99 percent are due in annual payments of \$22,500 through September 14, 2021 with a balloon payment of \$86,123 due September 14, 2022. Paid by the	
General Fund.	85,528
Total governmental activities bonds and notes payable	\$ <u>2,236,405</u>
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total	\$ 180,090 <u>2,056,315</u> \$ <u>2,236,405</u>

Business-type Activities

As of September 30, 2020, the long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Bonds and notes payable:

On July 19, 2004, the City entered into an agreement with Community Bank for the purpose of building a clubhouse. The original loan was \$255,000. Principal and interest at 3.00 percent are due in semi-annual payments of \$9,830 through June 19, 2022. Paid by the Golf Fund.

\$ 38,643

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Business-type Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

Various purpose bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$351,000. Interest at 3.25 percent is due in semi- annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2039. Paid by the Water and Electric Funds.	530,700
On May 3, 2017, the City entered into an agreement with the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality for the sewer force main project. The original loan was \$132,056. The loan bears interest at 1.50 percent and has a fee of 1.00 percent. The loan is due in semi-annual payments with final maturity on June 15, 2037. Paid by the Sewer Fund.	114,685
On January 1, 2016, the City entered into an agreement with Nebraska Public Power District to acquire electric distribution system fringe area properties. The original loan was \$98,420. The note is non-interest bearing. Principal is due in quarterly payments of \$3,515 through March 15, 2023. Paid by the Electric Fund.	35,150
General obligation bonds, Series 2019, with an original issue amount of \$245,000. Interest rates range from 1.70 percent to 2.65 percent. Interest is due in semi-annual installments and principal is due in annual installments through June 15, 2034. Paid by the Sewer Fund.	230,000
On February 6, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with First State Bank for the purpose of building a maintenance shed. The original loan was \$40,000. Principal and interest at 4.47 percent are due in annual payments of \$4,969 through September 1, 2023. Paid by the Golf Fund.	11,768

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

7. Long-term Debt, continued

Business-type Activities, continued

Bonds and notes payable, continued:

Total business-type activity bonds and notes payable	\$ <u>960,946</u>
Current portion	\$ 79,204
Noncurrent portion	<u>881,742</u>
Total	\$ <u>960,946</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	Direct Placement Debt				Other Debt Issues			
September 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Ī	nterest	-	Principal		Interest
2021	\$	25,440	\$	2,663	\$	154,650	\$	50,341
2022		65,665		1,963		154,650		47,679
2023		-		-		154,650		44,851
2024		-		-		158,650		41,772
2025		-		-		159,600		38,554
2026-2030		-		-		725,900		138,918
2031-2035		-		-		547,500		54,138
2036-2039		-		-		89,700		7,415
	\$	91,105	\$	4,626	\$	2,145,300	\$	423,668

	Business-type Activities									
Year Ending		Ι	Direct P	lacement De	bt			Other De	ebt Issu	les
September 30,	P	<u>rincipal</u>	Ī	nterest		Fees	F	Principal]	Interest
2021	\$	42,854	\$	3,502	\$	1,132	\$	36,350	\$	22,398
2022		45,190		2,488		1,072		36,350		21,449
2023		15,695		1,605		1,011		36,350		20,500
2024		6,243		1,424		950		36,350		19,551
2025		6,337		1,330		887		39,400		18,602
2026-2030		33,145		5,191		3,461		203,100		76,180
2031-2035		35,717		2,620		1,746		232,500		43,364
2036-2039		15,065		284		189		140,300		11,598
	\$	200,246	\$	18,444	\$	10,448	\$	760,700	\$	233,642

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE C - DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

8. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Operating transfers:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 219,942	\$ 71,341
Street Fund	36,341	-
Nonmajor Funds	20,000	3,344
Water Fund	30,000	-
Electric Fund	-	230,000
Golf Fund	15,000	16,598
Total operating transfers	\$ <u>321,283</u>	\$ <u>321,283</u>

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES

1. Employee Pension Plans

The City of Alma has a contributory defined contribution employees' pension plan in which the employees of the City participate. Eligible employees may contribute up to the maximum allowed by law and the City matches up to five percent. Employees are eligible to participate after they have attained the age of 21 and are considered full-time employees.

All employees are fully vested in their own contributions and become vested in the City's contribution after five years' participation in the plan.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City's total payroll and covered payroll under the plan was \$639,570 and \$470,046, respectively. Both the City's contribution of \$23,502 and the covered employees' contribution of \$33,904 were made for the year ended September 30, 2020.

2. <u>Risk Management</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize the effect of possible exposure to these risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. During the past three fiscal years, there have been no settlements exceeding the amount of the City's insurance coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the underlying securities for the City's investments at September 30, 2020, are held by the counterparties not in the name of the City. The underlying securities consist of cash, certificates of deposit, and insured money market funds.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that market conditions and investment securities be analyzed to determine the maximum yield to be obtained and to minimize the impact of rising interest rates. The certificate of deposit maturities are as follows:

Maturities by Month	<u>Amount</u>	
October 2020	\$	204,205
April 2021		100,000
July 2021		358,093
February 2022		200,000
March 2022		80,000
April 2022		40,000
	\$	982,298

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposit and money market funds, minimizing credit risk associated with the City's investment portfolio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments, continued

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2020, the City's investments and certificates of deposit consisted of the following:

Financial Institution	Amount	
First State Bank	\$	454,205
Banner Capital Bank		448,093
Community Bank		80,000
Totals	\$	982,298

Foreign Currency Risk. This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City's investments had no exposure to foreign currency risk and the City held no investments denominated in foreign currency at September 30, 2020.

3. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

On November 15, 2018, the City entered into a five-year lease for a copier from Eakes Office Plus. Rent of \$189 is due monthly through October 2024.

Rent expense was \$2,266 for the year ended September 30, 2020. The following payments are due under the leases:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2021	\$ 2,266
2022	2,266
2023	2,266
2024	189
2025	-
	\$ 6,987

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

3. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

Construction Commitments

At September 30, 2020, the City had a \$206,510 contractual commitment to the Nebraska Department of Transportation - Division of Aeronautics for the airport runway construction management. The City had paid \$101,008 on this contract as of September 30, 2020, leaving \$105,502 to be paid under the contractual obligation. This project is expected to be completed during Fall 2021.

At September 30, 2020, the City had a \$1,082,786 contractual commitment to Paulsen, Inc. for the airport runway construction. There had been no payments on this contract as of September 30, 2020, leaving \$1,082,786 to be paid under the contractual obligation. This project is expected to be completed during Fall 2021.

Contingencies

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen worldwide. While the disruption this pandemic is causing is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. Therefore, the financial impact to the City that could occur as a result of this issue is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

4. <u>Interlocal Agreements</u>

The City had the following interlocal agreements in effect as of September 30, 2020:

Parties to Agreement	<u>Term</u>	Description
Harlan County	October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	Agreement for law enforcement
Alma Public School	September 2012 - September 2022	Educational recreational facilities
Alma Public School	December 7, 2016 - indefinite	Maintenance of school tennis court
Alma Rural Fire Protection District	April 18, 2017 - indefinite	Fire and EMT services

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2020

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

5. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

The City has created a Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) to provide for development of blighted areas. Five members, who are appointed by the City Council, constitute the Agency. Because the CRA does not maintain a separate bank account and all transactions are accounted for in the General Fund of the City, the CRA is not reported separately in the financial statements.

The CRA, who is authorized by Nebraska statutes to enter into property tax abatement agreements for the purpose of developing properties in blighted areas, has entered into tax increment financing (TIF) agreements with various redevelopers. The TIF program has the stated purpose of increasing valuation, business activity and employment in the community.

Under the TIF program, redevelopers can apply for TIF financing whereby the property tax they pay on the increased valuation of property under a TIF agreement is returned to the redeveloper by the CRA to finance the project for a period of up to 15 years.

Information relevant to the abatements granted by the CRA for the year ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

TIF Project:	Years Remaining on <u>TIF Agreements</u>	2020 TIF Valuation	TIF Proceeds Received during the year <u>9-30-2020</u>
Tripe Motor	13	\$ 964,085	\$ 17,812
Alma Auto Parts	9	201,062	3,715
Harlan Lodging	1	2,045,858	37,800
Auto Creations	1	157,357	2,907
Tripe Motor	1	161,004	2,975
			\$ <u>65,209</u>

6. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 12, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND

	Budget (Original and <u>Final</u>)	Actual	Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 302,150	\$ 301,404	\$ (746)
Motor vehicle	25,000	29,781	4,781
Sales	300,000	337,178	37,178
Franchise	3,963	3,547	(416)
TIF proceeds	65,000	65,209	209
Intergovernmental	91,997	68,909	(23,088)
Licenses and permits	6,580	8,488	1,908
Charges for services	21,327	7,606	(13,721)
Rent	6,640	6,611	(29)
Grants and contributions	355,965	85,006	(270,959)
Interest income	6,000	17,282	11,282
Bond proceeds	1,511,250	1,500,000	(11,250)
Other	3,000	18,278	15,278
Total resources	2,698,872	2,449,299	(249,573)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)			
General government	246,403	278,538	32,135
Public safety	47,191	44,165	(3,026)
Public works	10,500	10,758	258
Environment and leisure	256,754	239,598	(17,156)
Economic development	78,100	66,968	(11,132)
Capital outlay	393,976	-	(393,976)
Bond issuance costs	-	14,250	14,250
Principal payments on debt	1,614,157	1,588,286	(25,871)
Interest payments on debt	44,640	39,313	(5,327)
Total charges to appropriations	2,691,721	2,281,876	(409,845)
Resources over charges			
to appropriations	7,151	167,423	160,272
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Net transfers	(21,400)	148,601	170,001
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (14,249)	\$ 316,024	\$ 330,273

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -STREET FUND

		Budget (Original and <u>Final</u>)			Variances - Actual Over (Under) Final <u>Budget</u>	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)						
Sales tax	\$	80,000	\$	94,487	\$	14,487
Intergovernmental		176,262		175,933		(329)
Other income		-		955		955
Total resources		256,262		271,375		15,113
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)						
Public works		254,645		175,567		(79,078)
Capital outlay		43,150		30,000		(13,150)
Principal payments on debt		62,700		62,700		-
Interest payments on debt		21,776		17,889		(3,887)
Total charges to appropriations		382,271		286,156		(96,115)
Resources under charges to appropriations		(126,009)		(14,781)		111,228
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Net transfers		131,150		36,341		(94,809)
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER CHARGES TO	¢	5 1 4 1	¢	21.560	¢	16 410
APPROPRIATIONS	\$	5,141	\$	21,560	\$	16,419

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -AIRPORT FUND

	(0	Budget riginal and <u>Final</u>)	<u>Actual</u>	A	Variances - .ctual Over Jnder) Final <u>Budget</u>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)					
Charges for services	\$	26,000	\$ 13,445	\$	(12,555)
Rent		12,810	12,323		(487)
Grant income		1,211,342	16,162		(1,195,180)
Other income		500	 5		(495)
Total resources		1,250,652	41,935		(1,208,717)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS					
(OUTFLOWS)					
Operating expenditures		45,040	39,219		(5,821)
Capital outlay		1,473,952	32,709		(1,441,243)
Principal payments on debt		9,720	 9,720		
Total charges to appropriations		1,528,712	 81,648		(1,447,064)
Resources under charges to					
appropriations		(278,060)	(39,713)		238,347
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Net transfers		72,250	 -		(72,250)
RESOURCES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES UNDER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	(205,810)	\$ (39,713)	\$	166,097

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2020

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenue and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>	Street <u>Fund</u>	Airport <u>Fund</u>
Sources/inflows of resources:			
Actual amounts of resources (budgetary basis) from			
the budgetary comparison schedules	\$ 2,449,299	\$ 271,375	\$ 41,935
Differences - budget to GAAP:			
Cash to accrual adjustments	 (7,023)	 10,078	-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of			
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund			
balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,442,276	\$ 281,453	\$ 41,935
Uses/outflows of resources:			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges			
to appropriations" from the budgetary			
comparison schedules	\$ 2,281,876	\$ 286,156	\$ 81,648
Differences - budget to GAAP:			
Cash to accrual adjustments	(18,088)	2,628	(1,030)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement			
of revenues, expenditures, and changes in			
fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,263,788	\$ 288,784	\$ 80,618

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

		Special Rev	6				
	CDB	<u>G</u>		pital Bond Sinking	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66	\$	166,504	\$	166,570	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Federal programs		66		-		66	
Hospital bond debt service		-		166,504		166,504	
Total fund balances		66		166,504		166,570	
Total liabilities and fund							
balances	\$	66	\$	166,504	\$	166,570	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Special Rev				
	<u> </u>	<u>CDBG</u>	-	ital Bond inking	Gov	Nonmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES						
Interest income	\$	473	\$	520	\$	993
Loan collections		2,528		-		2,528
Total revenues		3,001		520		3,521
EXPENDITURES						
General government		8				8
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		2,993		520		3,513
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from (to) other funds		(3,344)		20,000		16,656
Net change in fund balances		(351)		20,520		20,169
Fund balances - September 30, 2019		417		145,984		146,401
Fund balances - September 30, 2020	\$	66	\$	166,504	\$	166,570

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -

GENERAL FUND DEPARTMENTS

	Adr	ninistrative	Fire		Police		Shop	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property tax	\$	223,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle tax		29,781		-		-		-
Sales tax		174,568		-		-		-
Franchise		3,547		-		-		-
TIF proceeds		65,209		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue:								
State assistance		68,309		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Grants and donations		41,067		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		8,488		-		-		-
Rent		4,158		-		-		-
Interest income		17,282		-		-		-
Loan proceeds		-		-		-		-
Other receipts		12,299		-		-		-
Total revenues		648,254		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services:								
Salaries and benefits		129,905		-		-		-
Operating expenses:								
Law enforcement		-		-		41,616		-
Insurance		9,252		524		-		1,612
Professional fees		6,315		-		-		-
Fuel and transportation		-		-		-		-
Meetings, seminars, and dues		3,278		-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance		5,852		135		-		608
Printing, postage, and publications		3,447		-		-		-
Utilities and telephone		5,886		2,152		-		7,162
Total operating expenses		34,030		2,811		41,616		9,382
Supplies		6,040		-		-		1,564
Other expenses		156,624		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		-		-		-		-
Interest payments		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		326,599		2,811		41,616		10,946
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures before transfers		321,655		(2,811)		(41,616)		(10,946)
TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER FUNDS		(17,744)		2,549		41,616		10,758
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	S							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	303,911	\$	(262)	\$	-	\$	(188)

ommunity Building	Park	Pool	Recrea	ition	Library	Pheasant Ridge Trail	 Total
\$ -	\$-	\$ 78,748	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 302,294
-	-	-		-	-	-	29,781
-	-	162,564		-	-	-	337,132
-	-	-		-	-	-	3,547
-	-	-		-	-	-	65,209
-	-	600	1	-	-	-	68,909
-	-	6,306	i	-	1,300	-	7,606
6,250	-	450)	-	29,372	-	77,139
-	-	-		-	-	-	8,488
2,453	-	-		-	-	-	6,611
-	-	-		-	-	-	17,282
-	-	1,500,000		-	-	-	1,500,000
 -	_	740		,745	1,494	-	18,278
8,703	-	1,749,408	3	,745	32,166	-	2,442,276
-	14,572	39,933		-	55,333	-	239,743
-	-	-		_	-	-	41,616
4,879	2,424	7,714	- 2	,623	2,965	-	31,993
-	-	-		-	-	-	6,315
-	1,216	-		-	-	-	1,216
-	-	121		-	1,366	-	4,765
9,118	1,651	7,639	6	,275	2,945	6,302	40,525
-	46	230)	-	97	-	3,820
10,268	9,245	4,891		,842	5,666	2,642	51,754
24,265	14,582	20,595		,740	13,039	8,944	182,004
2,766	2,423	17,981		,385	9,886	162	43,207
-	-	1,838		-	2,765	-	161,227
-	-	14,250		-	-	-	14,250
-	3,914	1,584,372		-	-	-	1,588,286
 -	147	34,924	_				 35,071
 27,031	35,638	1,713,893	15.	,125	81,023	9,106	 2,263,788
(18,328)	(35,638)	35,515	(11	,380)	(48,857)	(9,106)	178,488
 24,434	34,177	(14,020) 11.	,847	45,874	9,110	 148,601
\$ 6,106	\$ (1,461)	\$ 21,495	\$	467	\$ (2,983)	\$ 4	\$ 327,089



SHAREHOLDERS:

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf Tracy A. Cannon

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Alma, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alma, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Wealth Management, LLC Registered Investment Advisor, is affiliated with AMGL, P.C. and offers wealth management and investment advisory services.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Segregation of Duties

Due to limited number of personnel, there is not adequate segregation of duties to ensure internal control over cash receipts, disbursements, and recording of transactions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Alma's Response to Findings

The City of Alma's response to the findings identified in our audit is that due to the small size of the City, it is impractical to further segregate duties. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

AMGL, P.C.

Grand Island, Nebraska March 12, 2021